Sl. No.	Name of the Product	Name of the Company
5.	Live Stock Insurance	PSGIC
6.	Sankar Haran Policy	Bajaj Allianze/ Iffco Tokyo
7.	Animals/Birds—Blood Stock Insurance, Calf/ Heifers Rearing Insurance, Camel Insurance, Dog Insurance, Duck Insurance, Elephant Insurance, EMU Birds Insurance, Foetus (Unborn Calf) Insurance, Horse/Yak/Mule/ Pony/Donkey Insurance, Pig Insurance, Sheep and Goat Insurance, Rabbit Insurance	PSGIC
8.	Agriculture/sericulture/Poultry—animal Driven Cart/Tanga Insurance, Apple Insurance, (input), Acquaculture (Shrimp/Prawn) insurance, Beetlevine Insurance, Coconut Palm Insurance, Hut Insurance, Inland Fresh Water Fish (Embankments) Insurance, Oil Palm Plantation Instance, Rose Plantation Insurance, Tea Crop Insurance etc.	PSGIC

Impact of economic recession on industrial sector

2658. SHRI C.O. POULOSE: Will the Minister of FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the possibilities of industrial recovery are taking a beating with global economic recession continuing unabated;

(b) whether it is a fact that the growth of services sector has also been adversely effected by the global economic recession;

(c) whether Government are aware that the growth of the services sector is contingent upon healthy agricultural and industrial sectors and with the declaration or stagnancy of these sectors the growth of the services sector is going to be seriously affected; and

(d) if so, the steps Government have taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI JASWANT SINGH): (a) to (d) No, Sir. There is no evidence of any adverse impact of global recession on the performance of industrial sector as well as services sector, rather industry has stimulated overall growth, despite a decline in agriculture. As per the latest data on Index of Industrial Production (IIP) released by Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) industrial production registered a growth of 5.5% during April-January 2002-03 as compared to 2.6% in the same period last year. Services sector is also growing at a reasonably good pace. Exports are also growing at a rate faster than that targeted. The latest figures on exports for April-February 2002-03 show an impressive increase of 16.7% and the manufactured exports constitute around 80% of total exports from India. Other indicators of industrial performance namely, growth in six infrastructure industries, capital goods, foreign exchange reserves and non-food credit continue to register good growth rates. The Government of India has taken a number of steps including enhancement of allocations towards some of the major schemes, which will boost demand, especially in construction, housing, steel and cement sectors. To improve operating enviroment of the industry and to boost its competitiveness, the Government has enacted several laws.

Slow growth rate

†2659. SHRI MOOLCHAND MEENA: Will the Minister of FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Planning Commission has observed that as the States do not have sufficient financial resources it is difficult for them to achieve the targeted growth rate of eight per cent during the Tenth Five Year Plan; and

(b) if so, the details of the steps Government propose to take to achieve the target?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI JASWANT SINGH): (a) No, Sir. The Tenth Plan (2002–07) has

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.